



POSTER PRESENTATION

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Effect of functional fatigue on vertical ground reaction force among individuals with flat feet

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Background

Flat foot as one of the lower extremity deformities might change some kinetic variables of gait. Fatigue can deteriorate the muscle ability in supporting joints and can alter the vertical ground reaction force (GRF) [1,2]. This study examined the fatigue effect on vertical GRF in individuals with flat feet compared with a normal group during barefoot walking.

Materials and methods

Seventeen subjects with flat feet and 17 normal subjects completed the test. Three vertical GRF measures (F_1 ; the first peak force, F_2 ; minimum force; and F_3 ; the second peak force) were extracted before and after a functional fatigue protocol. To check the homogeneity of the velocity among conditions, the average velocity of the anteroposterior center of pressure (COP_y) excursion was calculated. A repeated measure ANOVA was conducted to analyze data.

Results

For the average COP_y velocity, no significant fatigue, group and interaction effects were seen. F_2 was higher in the flat feet group compared with the normal group ($p < 0.05$). The fatigue protocol resulted in higher F_2 and lower F_3 in both groups ($p < 0.05$). See Figure 1. as the sample vertical GRF curves for a subject with flat feet and a subject with normal feet after fatigue.

Conclusions

The higher F_2 in the flat feet group, which results in a decrease drop in vertical GRF, might be due to more flexible foot joints. Foot muscles lose their appropriate

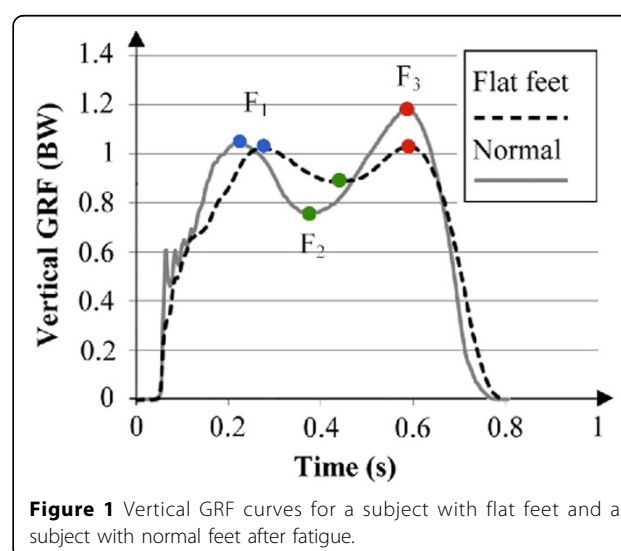


Figure 1 Vertical GRF curves for a subject with flat feet and a subject with normal feet after fatigue.

ability to control the foot joints and MLA due to fatigue [2-4] which results in higher F_2 for both groups. Furthermore the muscles could not make a proper lever arm for the propulsion gait phase after fatigue [2] resulting in lower F_3 for both groups.

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